

Let's DOIT: Using Intel's Extended HW/SW Contract for Secure Compilation of Crypto Code

Santiago Arranz-Olmos¹, Gilles Barthe^{1,2}, Benjamin Grégoire³,
Jan Jancar⁴, Vincent Laporte³, Tiago Oliveira⁵, Peter Schwabe^{1,6}



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Constant-time

What does *constant-time* even mean?

- Execution time independent of secret data
- **Constant-time programming** [1]

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 - Avoid memory lookups on secret-dependent data
 - Avoid secret-dependent inputs to variable-time instructions

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 - Avoid branches on secret-dependent data
 - Avoid memory lookups on secret-dependent data
 - **Avoid secret-dependent inputs to variable-time instructions**
- More complexity
 - Compiler interference [2]
 - Speculative execution [3]
 - Cache design [4]
 - Dynamic frequency scaling [5]

Constant-time

Consequences

KyberSlash [6]

- Best Paper Award (~1 hour ago)
- Division by a constant compiled to soft or hard division
- Leaked enough for key recovery

Constant-time

Variable-time instructions

Which instructions are actually constant-time?

- Micro-architecture-dependent
- Previously:
 - Ad-hoc measurements/documentation/micro-benchmarks
 - Sometimes MUL, sometimes DIV

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 - RISC-V Zkt/Zvkt

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- ➞ *Future-proof constant-time*

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- List of instructions guaranteed to execute in input-independent timing

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- **If** the mode is enabled:
 - DOIT: Model Specific Register (MSR) set from kernel mode
 - DIT: Process State register (PSTATE) set from user mode

Intel DOIT, Arm DIT, RISC-V Zkt/Zvkt

- List of instructions guaranteed to execute in input-independent timing
- **If** the mode is enabled:
 - DOIT: Model Specific Register (MSR) set from kernel mode
 - DIT: Process State register (PSTATE) set from user mode
- **Always:**
 - Zkt/Zvkt

Intel DOIT

- **Data Operand Independent Timing** 
- *“DOIT mode may have a performance impact, and Intel expects the performance impact of this mode may be significantly higher on future processors”*
- Disables data-dependent prefetcher and fast-store-forwarding prefetcher
- Guarantees data-independence of timing:
 - on newer architectures **if enabled**
 - on older architectures
- Notably **not included**
 - Division
 - Rotate
 - Floating point operations
- No changes

Arm DIT

- **Data Independent Timing** 
- Arm v8.4-A and beyond (+ Apple Silicon)
- Guarantees data-independence of timing on supported architectures **if enabled**
- Changes often:
 - 2021-12: removal of RET,
 - 2023-03: removal of SQCVTN, SQCVTUN, SQRSHRN, SQRSHRUN, UQCVTN, UQRSHRN,
 - 2023-09: removal of all WHILE* instructions,
 - 2023-12: removal of PEXT,
 - 2024-06: removal of CNTP, PUNPKHI, PUNPKLO,
 - 2024-12: removal of all RCW* instructions.

RISC-V Zkt/Zvkt

- Zkt: scalar instructions [↗](#) , Zvkt: vector instructions [↗](#)
- Guarantees data-independence of timing if advertised
- No changes
- Notably **included**
 - seed CSR

Jasmin

- Language + compiler for high-assurance high-speed cryptography 
 - Low-level (assembly like) -> control & performance
 - Formally verified -> assurance & security
 - Proven to preserve constant-time
- Active maintenance over 10 years
- x86_64 and ARMv7-M

```
fn strlen(reg u64 s) -> reg u32 {  
    reg u32 len;  
    reg u8 c;  
    len = 0;  
    while {  
        c = [:u8 s];  
    } (c != 0) {  
        s += 1;  
        len += 1;  
    }  
    return len;  
}
```

```
strlen:  
    movl    $0, %eax  
    jmp     Lstrlen$1  
Lstrlen$2:  
    incq    %rdi  
    incl    %eax  
Lstrlen$1:  
    movb    (%rdi), %cl  
    cmpb    $0, %cl  
    jne     Lstrlen$2  
    ret
```

Jasmin

(Speculative) constant-time checker

- Type-based (speculative) constant-time checker
- Requires **#secret** and **#public** annotation on inputs
- CLI using `jasmin-ct`

```
fn foo(#secret reg u64 key, #public reg u64 nonce) -> #public reg u64 { ... }
```

Jasmin

(Speculative) constant-time checker

- Type-based (speculative) constant-time checker
- Requires **#secret** and **#public** annotation on inputs
- CLI using `jasmin-ct`

```
export fn passes(#public reg u8 key) -> #public reg u8 {  
  reg u8 res;  
  if (key == 5) {   
    res = 0;  
  } else {  
    res = 1;  
  }  
  return res;  
}
```

Jasmin

(Speculative) constant-time checker

- Type-based (speculative) constant-time checker
- Requires **#secret** and **#public** annotation on inputs
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```
export fn fails(#secret reg u8 key) -> #secret reg u8 {  
  reg u8 res;  
  if (key == 5) { ✖  
    res = 0;  
  } else {  
    res = 1;  
  }  
  return res;  
}
```

Jasmin

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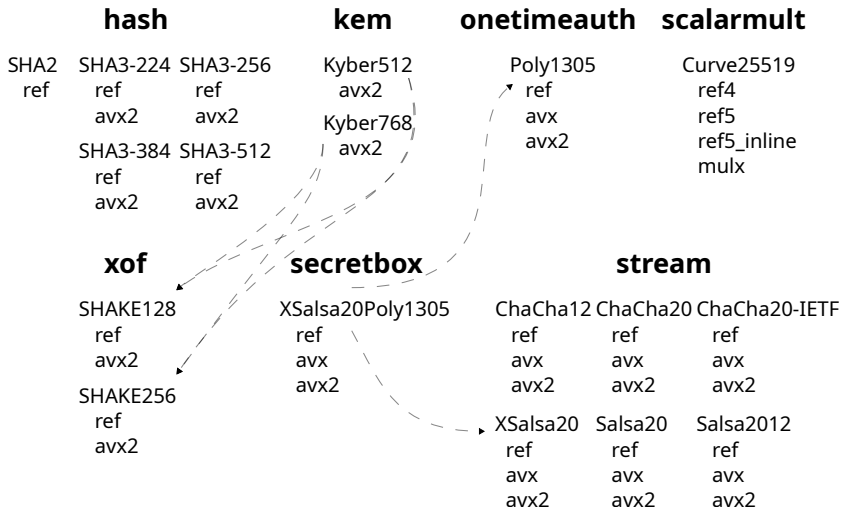
```
export fn would_pass(#secret reg u32 x) -> #secret reg u32 {  
    reg u32 d q;  
    x = x;  
    d = 3;  
    q = x / d;  
    return q;  
}
```

- Extract list of DOIT instructions
- Map to Jasmin instructions
- Modify typing rule for instructions
 - If `instr` is not DOIT, then all arguments must be **#public**
- Voilà!

Libjade

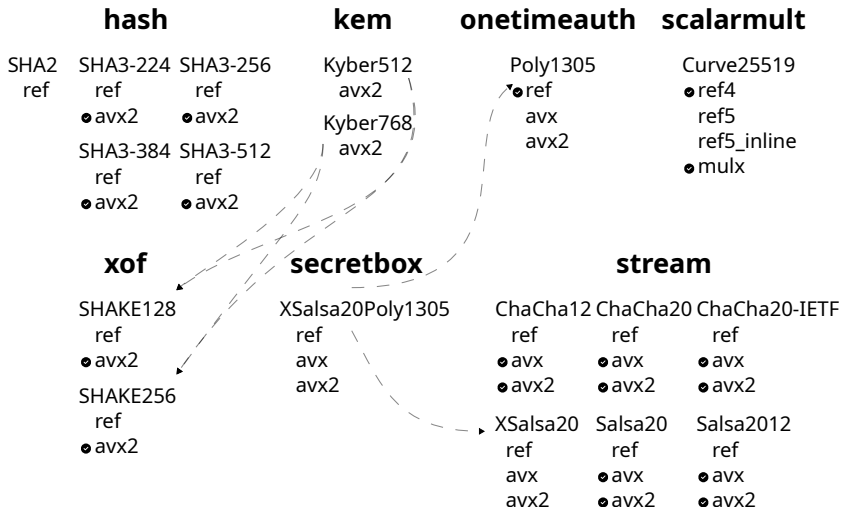
- Collection of popular crypto primitives in Jasmin
- Targets x86_64
- (Optimized) variants for reference/AVX/AVX2

Libjade



Libjade

Making it DOIT



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Libjade

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 - Missing rotates: 2 shifts and an OR, extra register

```
rol32:  
    roll $5, %eax
```

```
rol32_doit:  
    movl %eax, %ecx  
    shll $5, %eax  
    shrl $27, %ecx  
    orl %ecx, %eax
```

Libjade

Making it DOIT

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 - Missing rotates: 2 shifts and an OR, extra register
 - BSWAP missing: Shifts, ANDs, ORs...

`bswap32:`

`bswapl %eax`

`bswap32_doit:`

```
movl    %eax, %ecx
shrl    $24, %ecx
movl    %eax, %edx
shll    $24, %edx
orl     %edx, %ecx
movl    %eax, %edx
shrl    $8, %edx
andl    $65280, %edx
orl     %edx, %ecx
shll    $8, %eax ...
```

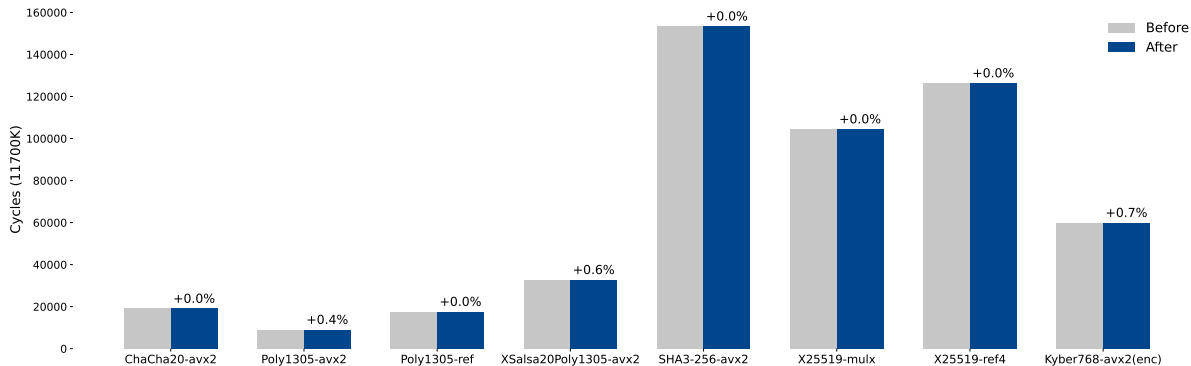
Libjade

Making it DOIT

- Some are already DOIT
- Enable DOIT, run `jasmin-ct`, fix errors, repeat...
- Takeaways and **pain points**:
 - Missing rotates: 2 shifts and an OR, extra register
 - BSWAP missing: Shifts, ANDs, ORs...
 - Miscellaneous vector loads, etc.

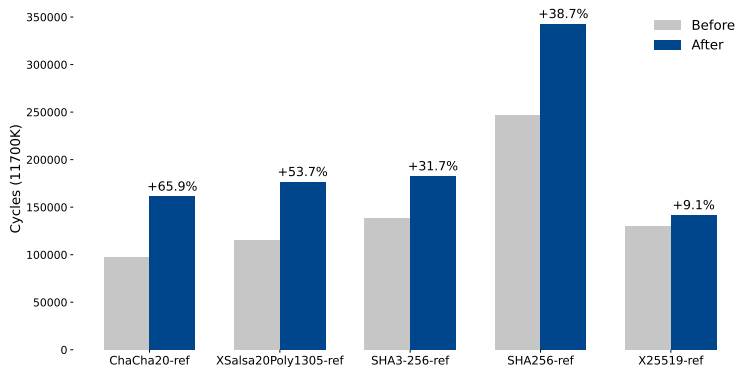
Libjade

Performance impacts: The good



Libjade

Performance impacts: The bad



Recommendations

Platform/ISA developer

- Be as specific as possible
- Use machine-readable format
- Consider use-cases in cryptography
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- Move toward DOIT/DIT/Zkt implementations
- Enable the DOIT/DIT mode

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Compiler/tool developer

- Add option to limit/validate generated assembly for DOIT/DIT/Zkt

Conclusions

There is hope for constant-time.

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 - Processor
 - Compiler
 - Developer
- The pessimist case [7]
- Check-out our [artifact](#), [Jasmin](#) and [Libjade](#)

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Questions?

 J08nY

jan@neuromancer.sk



References

- Santiago Arranz-Olmos, Gilles Barthe, Benjamin Grégoire, Jan Jancar, Vincent Laporte, Tiago Oliveira & Peter Schwabe:
[Let's DOIT: Using Intel's Extended HW/SW Contract for Secure Compilation of Crypto Code](#)

References (cont.)

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- 2  Moritz Schneider, Daniele Lain, Ivan Puddu, Nicolas Dutly & Srdjan Capkun: [Breaking Bad: How Compilers Break Constant-Time Implementations](#)
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Other

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